# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SRM Supplier: National Institute of Standards and Technology

**Standard Reference Materials Program** 

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SRM Name: Propane in Air

SRM Number: 1665b

MSDS Number: 1665b

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## SECTION I. MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Material Name: Propane in Air

**Description:** This SRM mixture is supplied in a DOT 3AL specification aluminum (6061 alloy) cylinder with a water volume of 6 L. Mixtures are shipped with a nominal pressure exceeding 12.4 MPa (1800 psi), which provides the user with 0.73 m³ (25.8 ft³) of useable mixture. The cylinder is the property of the purchaser and is equipped with a CGA-590 brass packless diaphragm valve, which is the recommended outlet for this propane mixture. NIST recommends that this cylinder not be used below 0.7 MPa (100 psi).

**Other Designations: Propane** (*n*-propane; dimethyl methane; propyl hydride; propylhydride; liquefied petroleum gas; LPG) in **Air Gas Cylinder** 

NameChemical FormulaCAS Registry NumberPropaneCH3CH2CH374-98-6Aircomplex mixture132259-10-0

**DOT Classification:** Nonflammable Gas, UN1956

#### SECTION II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component	Nominal Concentration	<b>Exposure Limits and Toxicity Data</b>		
Propane	3 μmol/mol	NIOSH TWA: 1 800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /10 hour(s)		
		OSHA TWA: 1 800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

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## SECTION III. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Propane	Air			
<b>Appearance and Odor:</b> colorless gas with a distinct odor	Appearance and Odor: colorless, odorless gas			
Relative Molecular Mass: 44.11	Relative Molecular Mass: complex mixture			
<b>Density (@ -45 °C):</b> 0.5853	Density: 1			
Vapor Density (air = 1): 1.55	Vapor Density (air = 1): 1			
Vapor Pressure (@ 20°C): 6536 mm Hg	Vapor Pressure (@ -194 °C): 760 mm Hg			
Freezing Point (@ 4000 mm Hg): -190 °C	Freezing Point: -216 °C			
<b>Boiling Point:</b> -42 °C	Boiling Point: -194 °C			
Viscosity: not applicable	Viscosity (@ 26.85 °C): 0.01853 cP			
Water Solubility: slightly soluble	Water Solubility: slightly soluble			
<b>Solvent Solubility:</b> soluble in absolute alcohol, ether, chloroform, benzene, turpentine	Solvent Solubility: not available			

**NOTE:** The physical and chemical data provided are for the pure components. Physical and chemical data for this propane/air mixture **DO NOT** exist. The actual behavior of the solution may differ from the individual components.

#### SECTION IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

**Properties Apply to Propane:** 

Flash Point: -105 °C Method Used: Not Available Autoignition Temperature: 450 °C

Flammability Limits in Air (Volume %): UPPER: 9.5 LOWER: 2.1

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Cylinders may rupture under fire conditions. Propane is a severe fire hazard when exposed to heat and/or flame. The vapor is heavier than air. Vapors or gases may ignite at distant ignition sources and flash back. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. Electrostatic discharges may be generated by flow or agitation resulting in ignition or explosion.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing media that is appropriate to the surrounding fire.

**Special Fire Procedures:** Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) when this material is involved in a fire. Keep fire cylinders cool with water spray. If possible, stop the product flow. High pressure gas may accelerate combustion.

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SECTION V. REACTIVITY DATA							
Stability:	X Stable	e	Unsta	able			
Conditions to Avoi poorly ventilated are		nders from phy	rsical damage and	d sources of	heat. DO N	NOT store th	ne cylinder in
Incompatibility (M	aterials to Avoi	<b>d):</b> Propane is	s incompatible wi	th combusti	ble and oxidi	izing materia	als.
See Section IV: "Fi	re and Explosion	n Hazard Data'	· .				
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Thermal decomposition of propane will produce oxides of carbon.							
Hazardous Polymerization Will OccurX Will Not Occur							
SECTION VI. HEALT	H HAZADD D	A T. A					
SECTION VI. HEALT	H HAZAKU DA	ATA					
Route of Entry:	X1	Inhalation	X	Skin		X	_ Ingestion
Health Hazard Data (Acute and Chronic) Brief exposure to 10 000 mg/kg of propane caused no symptoms. Higher concentrations of the gas, produced slight dizziness but was not noticeably irritating to the nose or respiratory tract. Concentrations exceeding 100 000 mg/kg may produce disorientation, excitation, excessive salivation, headache, and vomiting. Skin exposure to the gas has no adverse effects; however, due to the rapid evaporation, in liquid form, frostbite with redness and pain can occur.  Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Not Available							
	, 50	•	xposure. Not A	vanaoic			
In the Internation	Toxicology Progonal Agency for	gram (NTP) Re Research on C	eport on Carcinog ancer (IARC) Mo histration (OSHA)	onographs	Yes	No X X X	
EMERGENCY AN	ND FIRST AID	PROCEDUR	ES:				
			nd clothing. Rinsted clothing. Obt				s of water for
	Immediately flu tain medical ass		ding under the eyssary.	velids, with	copious amo	ounts of water	er for at least
<b>Inhalation:</b> Immediately remove victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration by qualified personnel. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Lay victim with head and chest lower than hips to improve drainage of fluids from the lungs. Obtain medical assistance.							

TARGET ORGAN(S) OF ATTACK: Propane: central nervous system (CNS)

**Ingestion:** Not Applicable (gas)

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## SECTION VII. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

**Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released:** Evacuate and ventilate area. Remove leaking cylinder to exhaust hood or safe outdoor area. Shut off source if possible and remove source of heat. In case of leakage, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**Waste Disposal:** Dispose of gas into an adequate amount of alkaline potassium permanganate solution. Dispose of non-refillable cylinders in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. **DO NOT** return the empty cylinder to the supplier.

**Handling and Storage:** Secure cylinder when using to protect from falling. Use suitable hand truck to move cylinders. Wear safety shoes when handling cylinders. Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations below exposure limits and to avoid asphyxiation. A chemical safety shower and an eyewash station must be readily available. For protection of eyes, wear safety glasses.

**NOTE:** Contact lenses pose a special problem; soft lenses may absorb irritants and all lenses concentrate them. **DO NOT** wear contact lenses in the laboratory.

Store in well ventilated areas away from combustibles. Keep valve protection cap on cylinders when not in use.

#### SECTION VIII. SOURCE DATA/OTHER COMMENTS

**Sources:** MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS *Propane*, 19 March 2003.

MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Compressed Air, Breathing Air, 19 March 2003.

**Disclaimer:** Physical and chemical data contained in this MSDS are provided for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The MSDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data on the MSDS. The certified value for this material is given only on the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

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